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REFERRING PHYSICIAN	

RESEARCH	

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PATIENT NAME					AGE	SE
SAMPLE, REPO	RT	_			371	F
ACCESSION NO.	D.O.B.	COLLECTION DATE	LOG-IN DATE	TEST DATE	REPORT DA	TE
AAAA5	08/11/1984	11/5/2021	12/21/2021	12/21/2021	12/21/	2021

AAAA5	08/11/1984	11/5/2021	12/21/2021	12/21/2021	12/21/2021
	TEST	RESU NORMAL A		REFERENCE RANGE	UNITS
	A	JTOIMMUNE PNL	COMPREHENS		
ANTI-1	NUCLEAR ANTIBODY	<1:40		<1:40	TITER
	EQUAL TO OF	R GREATER THAN	ARE CONSIDERED 1:40 ARE CONSID RATORY MEDICINE	ERED POSITIVE.	
EXTRA	CTABLE NUCLEAR Ag	0.50		<20.00	UNITS
	RESULTS REI	PORTED AS 40-80		WEAK POSITIVE. MEDIUM POSITIVE. STRONG POSITIVE.	
ANTI I	DOUBLE STRANDED DNA	0.50		<30.00	IU/mL
	RESULTS REP	PORTED AS 30-75	IU/mL ARE CONS	IDERED EQUIVOCAL.	
RHEUM/	ATOID FACTOR IGM	0.50		<6.0	UNITS
	RESULTS REP	PORTED AS >6.0	ARE CONSIDERED	POSITIVE.	
C1Q TO	OTAL IMMUNE COMPLEX	0.50		<4.4	Ug Eq/m
	RESULTS REE	PORTED AS 4.4-<	10.8 UG Eq/mL Al	RE CONSIDERED	
ACTIN/	SMOOTH MUSCLE IgG	0.50		<20	UNITS
	RESULTS REF	PORTED AS 20.0-	30.0 UNITS ARE	CONSIDERED EQUIVOC	AL
ANTI-M	MITOCHONDRIAL	0.50		<0.9	INDEX
-			- 1.09 ARE CONST ARE CONSIDERED	IDERED EQUIVOCAL. POSITIVE.	
	High titers	of ANA may be	seen in patient	ts with rheumatoid	



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PATIENT NAME AGE SEX 37Y F SAMPLE, REPORT ACCESSION NO. D.O.B. **COLLECTION DATE** LOG-IN DATE REPORT DATE TEST DATE 12/21/2021 12/21/2021 12/21/2021 AAAA5 08/11/1984 11/5/2021

TEST	RESULTS	REFERENCE	UNITS
	NORMAL ABNORMAL	RANGE	

arthritis, scleroderma, discoid lupus, necrotizing vasculitis, Sjogren's syndrome and mixed connective tissue disease.

Autoantibodies against ENAs occur in a large number of patients with system rheumatic diseases.

Antibodies to dsDNA occur in approximately 60-70% of SLE patients and there is considerable evidence to implicate immune complexes containing anti-dsDNA and DNA in the pathogenesis of SLE. Low levels of anti-dsDNA antibodies may occur in other rheumatic diseases.

RF is present in about 4% of the general population, in 75% of adult patients with the highest incidence in patients

over 65 years of age, and in nearly all people with Sjogren's. Increased titers may accompany acute immune responses particularly viral infections.

High levels of C1Q binding immune complexes are detected in patients with active humoral immune response to infectious agents and other environmental factors. Very significant elevations of immune complexes were reported in cancer patients and their level correlated with the stage of the disease.

Anti-actin antibodies are found in 52-85% of patients with AIH or chronic active hepatitis (CAH) and in 22% of patients with primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC).

Anti-Mitochondrial antibodies (AMA) are detected in patients with primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC). Since the presence of AMA can precede the development of symptomatic disease, the ability to identify the presence of markers for PBC can contribute to earlier diagnosis and treatment, and may slow the progression of the disease.

*The presence of these antibodies alone is not indicative of any condition or disease. Test results should be used in conjunction with pertinent clinical data.

LIMITATIONS

*Specimens received as hemolytic, lipemic, bacterially contaminated, or heat inactivated, are rejected for analysis.

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